

About Q

algebraic types and
functions defined by
equations

```
type MidiMsg = const note_on K N V, ...;  
transpose M (note_on K N V)  
            = note_on K (N+M) V;
```

currying and
higher-order functions

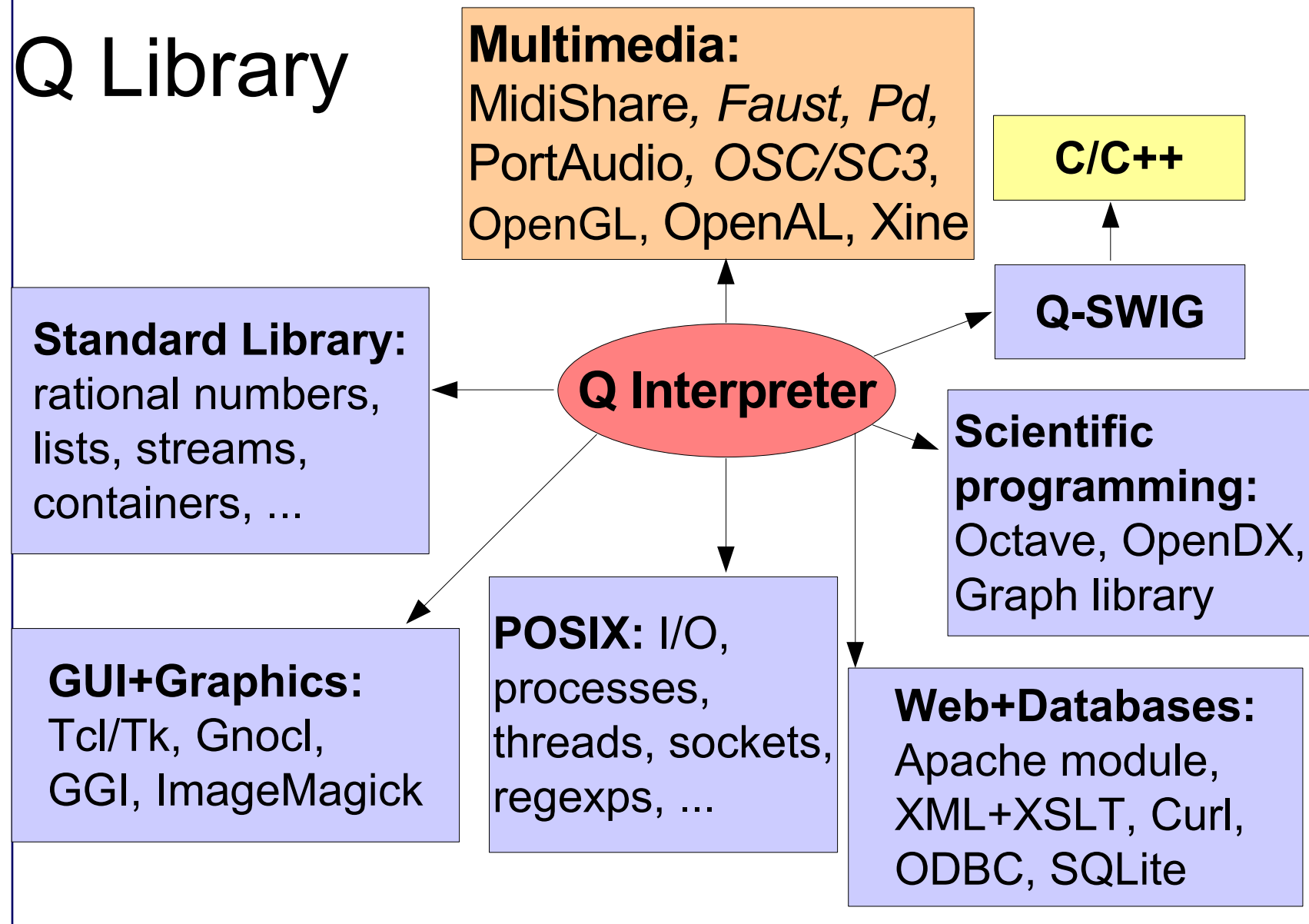
```
octave_up = map (transpose 12);
```

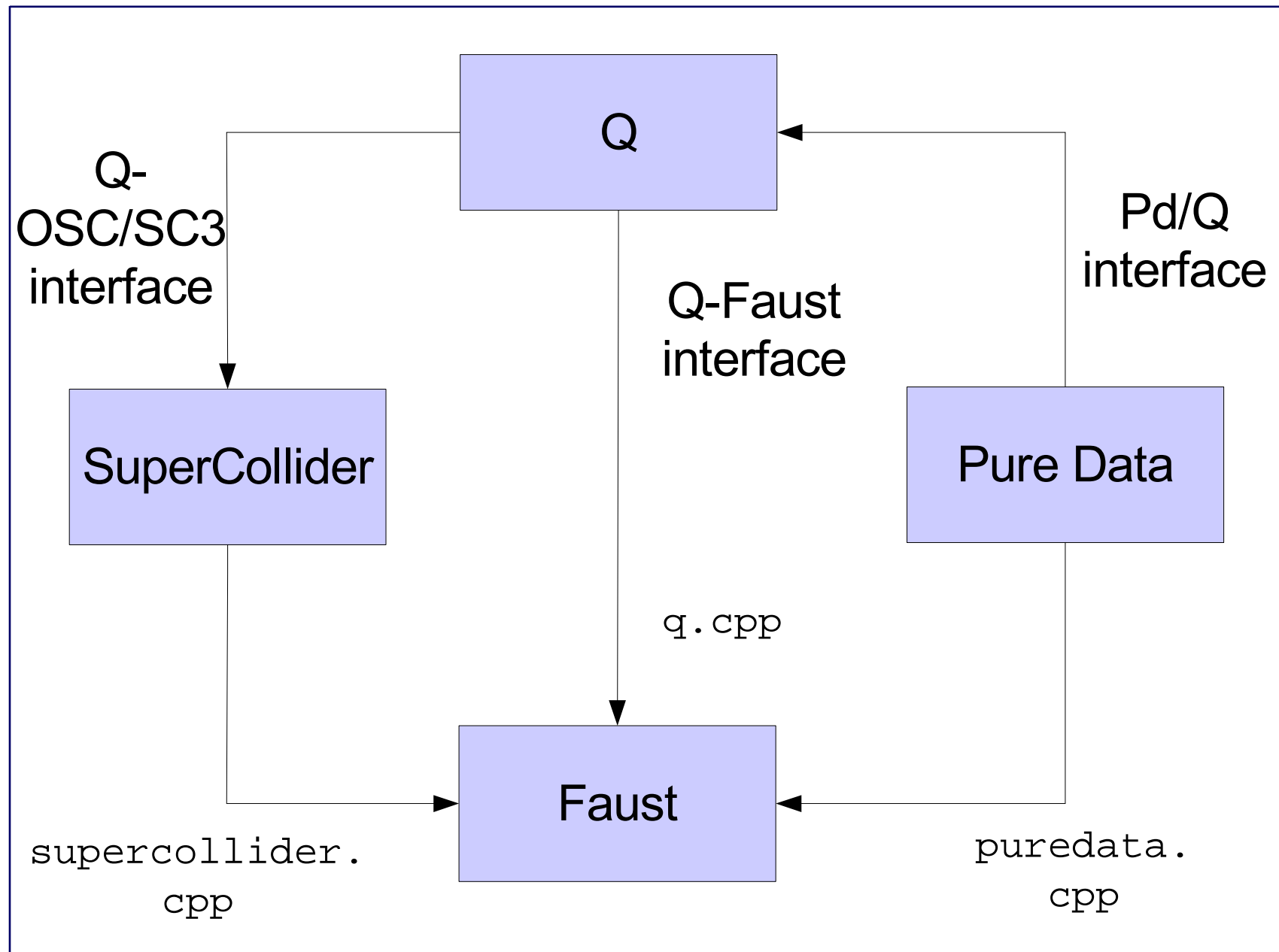
lazy evaluation and
stream processing

```
pattern    = repeat [60,60,choose [63,67]];  
repeat X   = {X|repeat X};  
choose Xs  = Xs!rand 0 (#Xs-1);
```

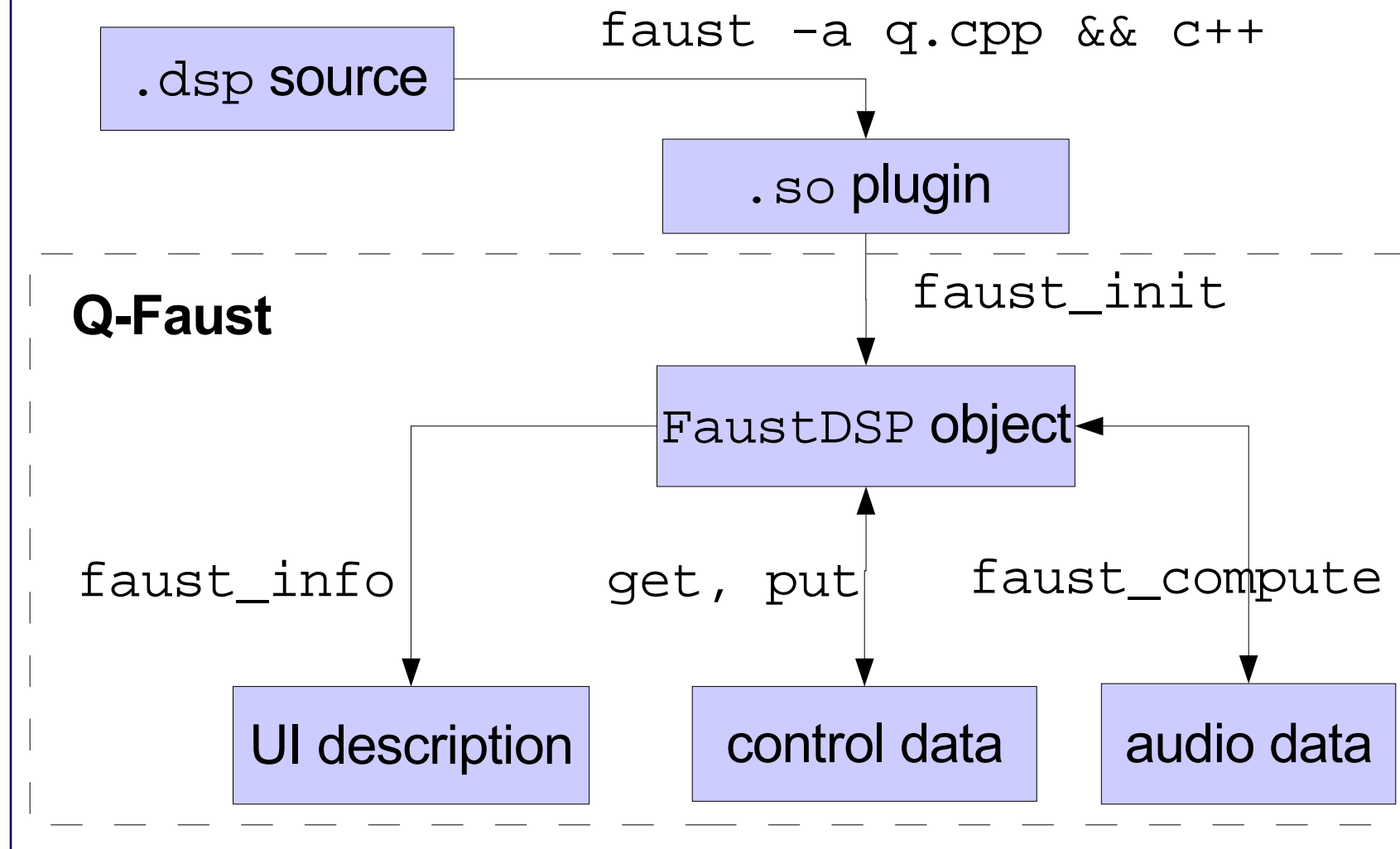
- Haskell-like modern style syntax + Lisp-like dynamic typing and reflection capabilities
- multithreading and soft realtime processing, usable for “control stuff”
- extensive system and multimedia interfaces

Q Library





Direct Faust Interface



A Simple Faust Organ

```
// control variables

vol      = nentry("vol", 0.3, 0, 10, 0.01);    // %
attack   = nentry("attack", 0.01, 0, 1, 0.001); // sec
decay    = nentry("decay", 0.3, 0, 1, 0.001); // sec
sustain  = nentry("sustain", 0.5, 0, 1, 0.01); // %
release  = nentry("release", 0.2, 0, 1, 0.001); // sec
freq     = nentry("freq", 440, 20, 20000, 1); // Hz
gain     = nentry("gain", 1.0, 0, 10, 0.01);  // %
gate     = button("gate");                    // 0/1

// additive synth: 3 sine oscillators with adsr envelop

process = (osc(freq)+0.5*osc(2*freq)+0.25*osc(3*freq))
  * (gate : adsr(attack, decay, sustain, release))
  * gain * vol;
```

Q → Faust Example

```
def [FREQ,GAIN,GATE] = map (CTLD!)  
  ["freq","gain","gate"];
```

```
freq N      = 440*2^((N-69)/12);  
gain V      = V/127;
```

map MIDI note
numbers and
velocities

```
play N V    = put FREQ (freq N) || put GAIN (gain V) ||  
              put GATE 1;  
damp        = put GATE 0;
```

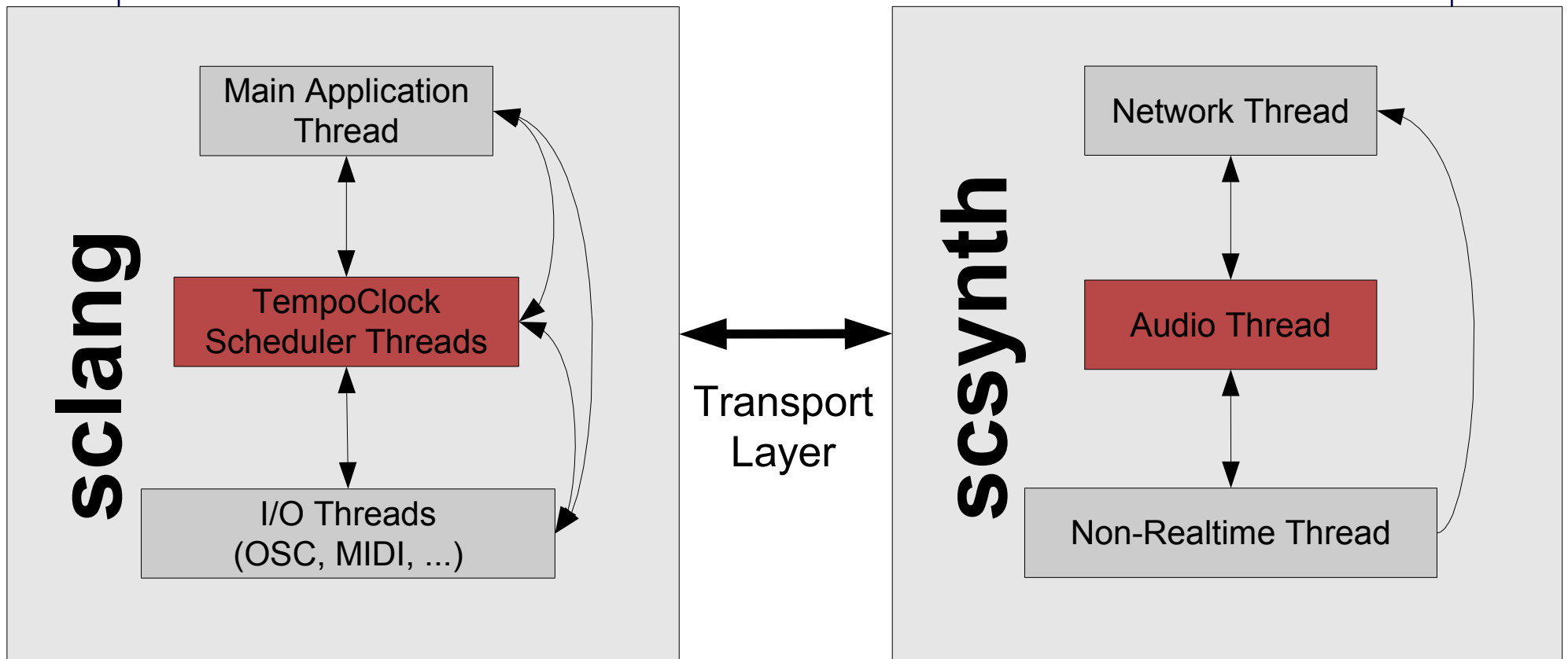
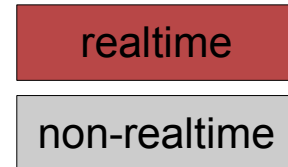
start and stop
a note

```
process (note_on _ N V)  
  = play N V if V>0;  
  = damp if not isnum (get FREQ) or else  
    (freq N = get FREQ);
```

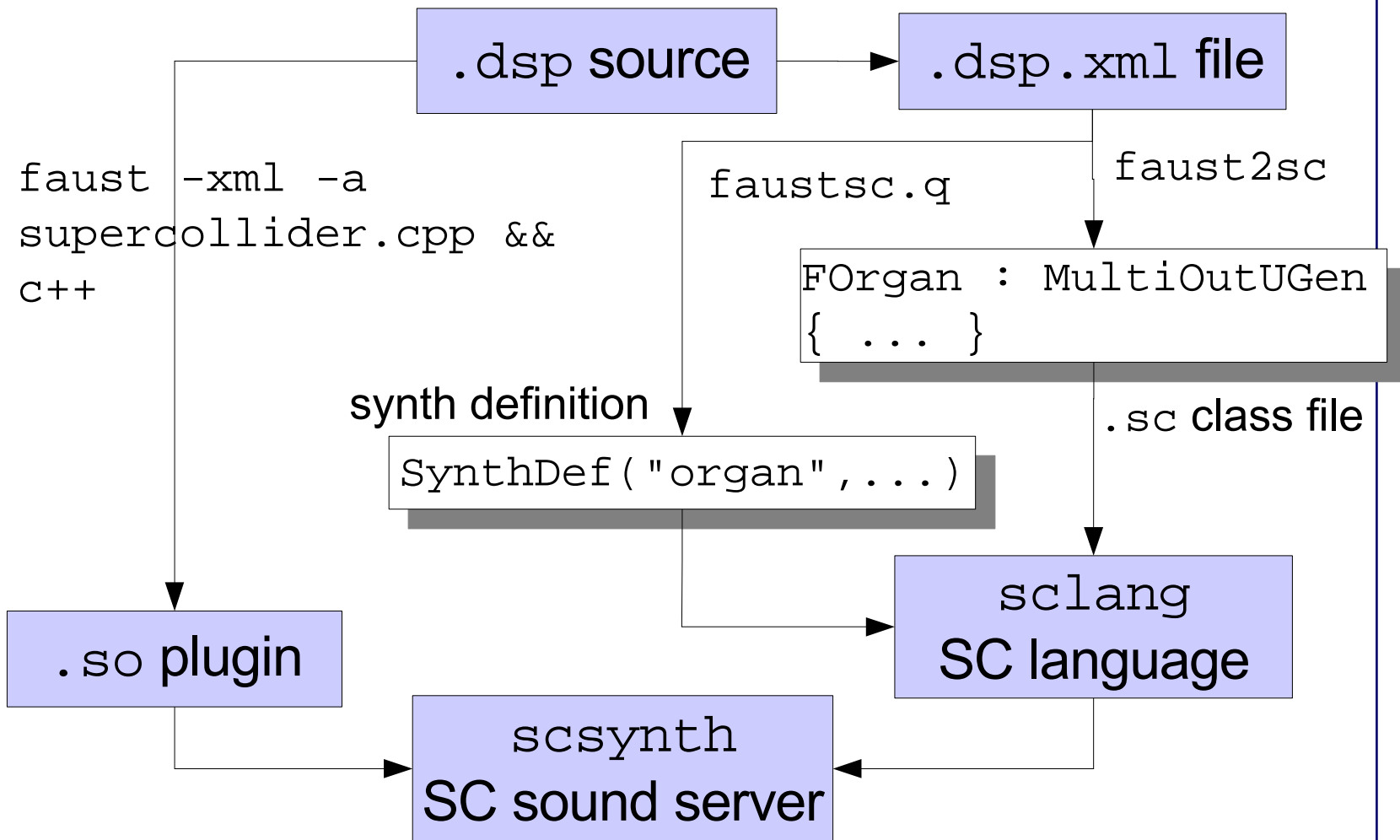
process MIDI
messages

```
midi_loop = process (midi_get IN) || midi_loop;
```

SuperCollider Architecture



SuperCollider Interface



Q → SC → Faust Example

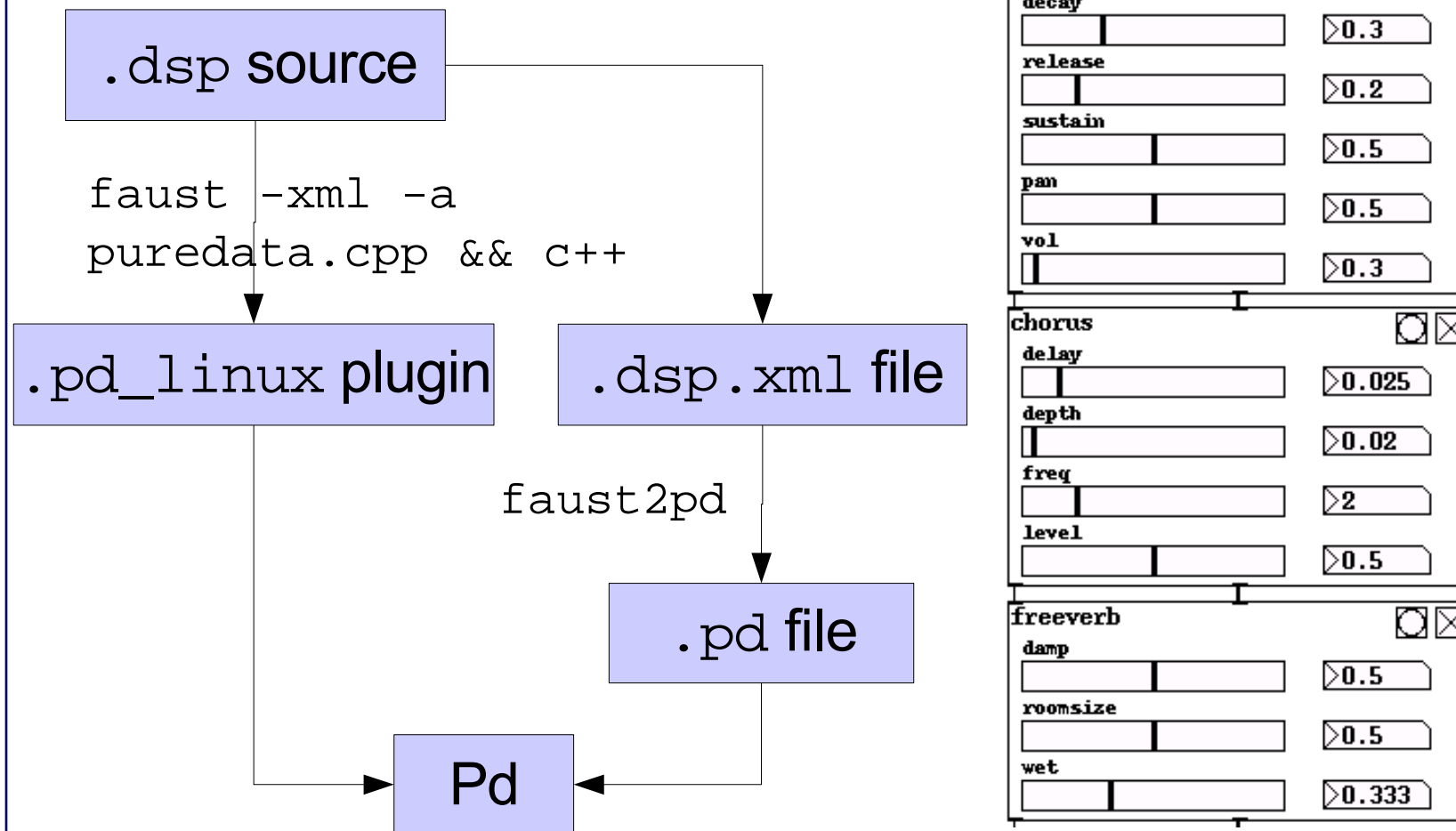
SuperCollider

```
SynthDef("organ",  
{ arg gate = 0, freq = 440, gain = 0.3, vol = 1.0;  
  var sig;  
  sig = FOrgan.ar(gate: gate, freq: freq, vol: vol);  
  Out.ar(0, Pan2.ar(sig, 0, 1)); })
```

Q

```
n_set ARGS = sc_send (osc_message "/n_set" ARGS);  
  
play I N V = n_set (I,"freq",freq N,"gain",gain V,  
                  "gate",1);  
  
damp I      = n_set (I,"gate",0);
```

Pd Interface



Conclusion

- Faust makes developing DSP modules for different environments easy
- Q+Faust together with a realtime engine (SC3, PD, ...) gives you a complete functional programming environment for interactive computer music applications
- TODO: high-level Q API for algorithmic composition